



MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE

10-STAGE TYPE WITH

4-1/8" x 3" SEMITRANSPARENT CATHODE AND S-11 RESPONSE

	DATA					
	General:					
	Spectral Response					
	Shape					
	Window: Minimum length 4-1/8 in.					
	Minimum width (Along					
	circumference of bulb) 3 in. Minimum area					
	Minimum area 12-3/8 sq. in. Index of refraction 1.48					
	Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):					
	Anode to dynode No.10 5 $\mu\mu$					
1	Anode to all other electrodes 6.5 μ_{μ} f					
	Maximum Overall Length					
	Maximum Seated Length					
ĺ	Length from Base Seat to Center					
	of Useful Cathode Area 3-5/8" ± 1/8"					
	Maximum Diameter 2-9/16"					
	Mounting Position Any					
	Weight (Approx.) 9 oz					
	Bulb					
	Base Small-Button Twentyninar 22-Pin (JETEC No.E22-16)					
	Pin 1 - Anode					
İ	Pin 2 - Dynode No.10					
	Pin 3 - Dynode No.9					
	Pin 4 - Dynode No.8					
	Pin 5 - Dynode No.7					
	Pin 6 - Dynode No.6					
	Pin 7 - Dynode No.5					
	Pin 8 - Dynode No.4					
	Pin 9 - Dynode No.3					
	Pin 10 – Dynode No. 2					
	Pin 11 - Dynode No.1					
1	Pin 12 - Internal Connection-Do Not Use					
	Pin 13 - Focusing					
	Electrode					
	Pin 14 - Same as Pin 12					
	Pin 15 – Same as Pin 12					
ı						
	Pin 16 — Cathode Pin 17 — Same as Pin 12 Pin 17 — Same as Pin 12 Pin 21 — Same as Pin 12 Pin 3 21 22, 28 1 On 15 DIA PIN CIRCLE					
	Pin 18 - Same as Pin 12 PIN CIRCLES ARE CONCENTRIC					
	Pin 19 - Same as Pin 12					
	Pin 21 - Same as Pin 12					
Į	Pin 25 - Same as Pin 12					
	Pin 28 - Same as Pin 12					
1						
1	← Indicates a change.					





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Maximum Ratings, Absolu	ute Vali	ies:		ļ						
ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (. 1200	max. volts						
SUPPLY VOLTAGE BETWEEN			. 100							
AND ANODE (DYNODE-No.1 SUPPLY VOL		eak AC)	180	max. volts						
DC or Peak			300	max. volts						
FOCUSING-ELECTRODE VOL	TAGE									
(DC or Peak			. 300							
AVERAGE ANODE CURRENT				max. OC						
Characteristics Range				[
Under conditions with supply voltage (E) across a voltage divider providing 1/12 of E between cathode and focusing electrode; 1/12 of E between focusing electrode and dynode No.1; 1/12 of E for each succeeding dynode stage; and 1/12 of E between dynode No.10 and anode										
With E=1000 volts (exc			.,							
	Min.	Median	Max.							
Sensitivity:										
Radiant, at 4400 angst r oms.	_	16000		μamp/μwatt						
Cathode radiant, at										
4400 angstroms	-	0.026	-	μamp/μwatt						
Luminous: At 0 cos	5	20	_	amp/lumen						
At 100 Mc	-	19	-	amp/lumen						
Cathode luminous:			•							
With tungsten light source♠	20	33	_	μamp/lumen						
With blue light	20))		, Lamp, 10, 10						
sourcet♦	0.026		-	μ amp						
Current Amplification	-	600000	-							
Equivalent Anode- Dark-Current Input	_	5 × 10 ⁻⁹	1 × 10 ⁻⁸	lumen						
Equivalent Noise	-	1 × 10 ⁻¹⁰	-	l umen						
Averaged over any interv	al of 30	seconds maxim	num.							
For conditions when the light source is a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 2870 k. A light input of 10 microlumens is used. The load resistor has a value of 0.01 megohm. For conditions the same as shown under (\$\delta\$) except that the value of light flux is 0.01 lumen and 150 volts are applied between cathode and all other electrodes connected together as anode. Under the following conditions: Light incident on the cathode is transmitted through a blue filter (corning, Glass Code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness) from a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 28 code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness from a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 28 code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness from a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 28 code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness from a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 20 code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness from a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 20 code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness from a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 20 code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness from a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 20 code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness from a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 20 code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness from a tungsten-filament lamp operated at 1/2 stock thickness from a tungsten filament lamp operated at 20 code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness from a tungsten filament lamp operated at 20 code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness from a tungsten filament lamp operated at 20 code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness from a tungsten filament lamp operated at 20 code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness from a tungsten filament lamp operated at 20 code No.5113 polished to 1/2 stock thickness from a tungsten filament lamp operated at 20 code No.5113 polished to 1/2 st										
						1/2 stock thickness) fro	m a tung The valu	sten-filament ie of light fl	ux on the f	ilter is 0.01
						lumen. The load resiste applied between cathode	or has a v	alue of 0.01 o other electro	megohm, and des connecte	together as
						anode.				
♦,♠,∗,⊞: See next page.			Indica	ites a change.						

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DATA 1





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- For Spectral Characteristic of this source, see sheet SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF 2870°K LIGHT SOURCE AND SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTIC OF LIGHT FROM 2870°K SOURCE AFTER PASSING THROUGH INDICATED BLUE FILTER at front of this section.
- Measured at a tube temperature of 25°C and with the supply voltage (E) adjusted to give a luminous sensitivity of 20 amperes per lumen. Dark current caused by thermionic emission and ion feedback may be reduced by the use of a refrigerant.
- "under the following conditions: Supply voltage (E) is 1000 volts, 25°C tube temperature, ac-amplifier bandwidth of 1 cycle per second, tungsten light source of 2870°K interrupted at a low audio frequency to produce incident radiation pulses alternating between zero and the value stated. The "on" period of the pulse is equal to the "off" period. The output current is measured through a filter which passes only the fundamental frequency of the pulses.
- For maximum signal-to-noise ratio, operation with a supply voltage (E) below 1000 volts is recommended.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

The operating stability of the 6372 is dependent on the magnitude of the anode current and its duration. When the 6372 is operated at high values of anode current, a drop in sensitivity (cometimes called fatigue) may be expected. The extent of the drop below the tabulated sensitivity values depends on the severity of the operating conditions. After a period of idleness, the 6372 usually recovers a substantial percentage of such loss in sensitivity.

The use of an average anode current well below the maximum rated value of 0.75 milliampere is recommended when stability of operation is important. When maximum stability is required, the anode current should not exceed 100 microamperes.

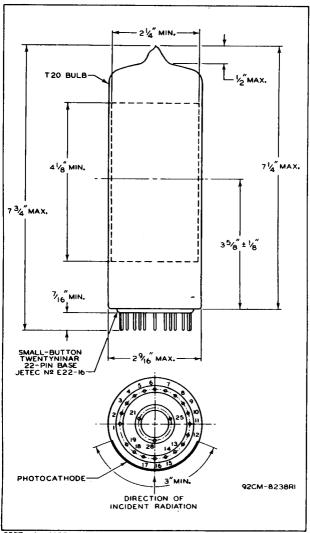
Electrostatic and/or magnetic shielding of the 6372 may be necessary.

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC of Phototube having S-11 Response is shown at the front of this Section

6372

6372

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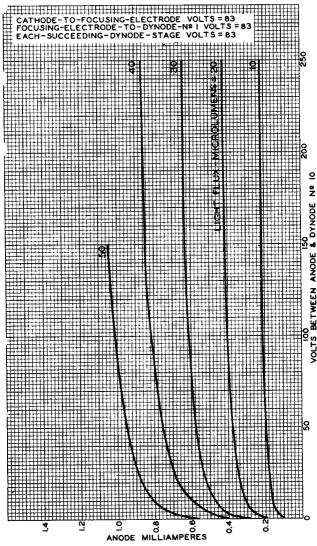
SEPT. 1, 1955

TUBE DIVISION

CE-8238R1



AVERAGE ANODE CHARACTERISTICS

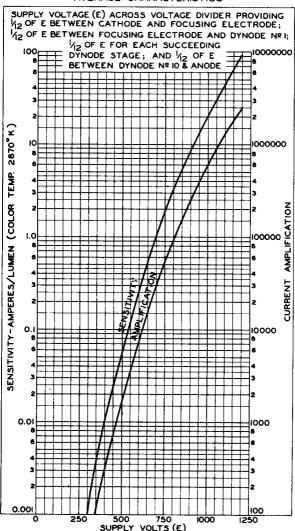


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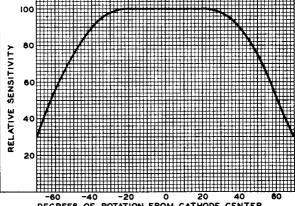
AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS





VARIATION IN SENSITIVITY

SPOT: 1/2 INCH DIA. APPROX. POSITIONED ALONG LENGTH OF PHOTOCATHODE

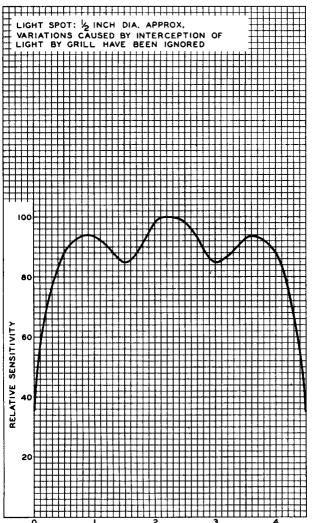


DEGREES OF ROTATION FROM CATHODE CENTER





VARIATION IN SENSITIVITY



O DISTANCE ALONG MIDDLE OF CATHODE FROM BASE END TO TIP END-INCHES APRIL 9,1954